Tigray Threatens to Spark Next Eritrean-Ethiopian War and Plunge the Horn of Africa into Crisis

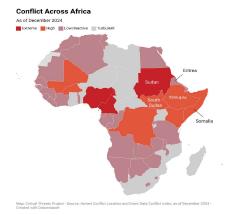
Data Cutoff: March 13, 2025, at 10 a.m. | Authors: Liam Karr, Kathryn Tyson, Contributors: John Reece

Key Takeaways

- **Erupting Conflict:** A violent power struggle in northern Ethiopia's Tigray region risks sparking another civil war in Ethiopia.
- Imminent Escalation: This may escalate rapidly into a proxy war between Ethiopia and Eritrea.
- Regional Instability: Renewed conflict would generate an economic, humanitarian, and security crisis that would reverberate across Africa and into Europe.

Implications

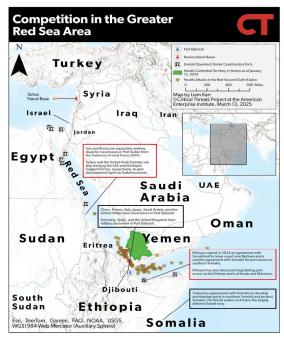
- Great Power Competition:
 - Iran and Russia have shown interest in capitalizing on regional conflicts to advance their objectives in the Red Sea.
 - China, Turkey, and the UAE could seek to stabilize the situation to preserve their billions of US dollars invested and trade stakes in Ethiopia and Eritrea.
- **Economic**: Destabilization of the Red Sea area could raise already-inflated shipping costs due to Houthi attacks in the Red Sea that have increased nsurance rates and logistic challenges.
- Extremism: Salafi-Jihadi groups such as IS and al Qaeda use regional instability to recruit and extend influence.
- **Humanitarian**: War would exacerbate the refugee crisis in the region and increase migration flows to Europe and the Gulf States.



Attacks against Tigray Interim Administration March 11, 2025



Map: Liam Karr • Source: Critical Threats Project at the American Enterprise Institute • Created with Datawrapper



Potential Courses of Action

- The TIA, a faction of TPLF led by Getachew Reda, has called for the international community and Ethiopian federal government to "exert all necessary pressure" on anti-TIA forces.
- Eritrea will likely use its ties with the anti-TIA TPLF faction led by Debretsion Gebremichael to weaken and fragment the TPLF and Ethiopia.
- Ethiopia may use allegations that Eritrea is aiding anti-TIA forces to escalate to a proxy or regional war and pursue much-sought Red Sea acess through Eritrea.

